

WHAT WARRING NATIONS CLAIM IN THEIR OFFICIAL STATEMENTS

German.

BERLIN, April 1 (via London).—The German headquarters statement to-day follows:

"In the western arena of the war: During the capture of the hamlet of Klosterbock, which was occupied by Belgians, and a small point of support at Dixmude we took one officer and forty-four Belgian soldiers prisoner."

"The fighting west of Pont-a-Mousson and south of the forest of Le Pretre came to a standstill last night. French troops have penetrated a small portion of our outer trenches. The engagement is being continued to-day."

"During outpost engagements yesterday, to the northeast and east of Lunville, the French suffered considerable losses. In the Vosges only artillery duels took place yesterday."

"In the eastern arena: The situation in the Augustow and the Suwalki districts remained unchanged. Russian attempts made at night to cross the Hawka River at a point southeast of Skiernewicz resulted in failure, and Russian attacks on Opomino were repulsed."

"During the month of March the German eastern army took altogether 55,800 Russian prisoners, and captured nine cannon and sixty-one machine guns."

French.

PARIS, April 1 (via London).—The War Office this afternoon gave out this report:

"A struggle is going on at numerous points on the front. Opposite the town of Gompierre, to the southwest of Peronne, we blew up successfully four mines. Near the farm of Le Choleux, north of Berry-au-Bac, we blew up a mine saphead at the moment the Germans were at work on it, and we followed up this explosion by a storm of projectiles from our seventy-five-millimeter guns. A German observation post disappeared in the gap caused by this explosion."

"Belgian aviators during the night of March 31 bombarded the aviation camp at Handsene and the railroad junction at Corbemarck."

"The official War Office statement to-night says:

"There have been artillery duels at different places along the front in the Voivre district. To the west of the forest of Le Pretre we have occupied the village of Fey-en-Haye, and have maintained our positions there, despite several counterattacks."

"In Lorraine and in the Vosges there is nothing to report."

"To the south of Dixmude, Aviation Lieutenant Garros brought down an aeroplane by machine gun fire. In the region of the Aisne and

other German aviator was brought to the ground by the French aviator, Navarre."

Russian.

PETROGRAD, April 1 (via London).—An official report issued to-day by the Russian headquarters in the Caucasus said:

"In the region of Artvin (forty miles south of Batumi) our troops have occupied Tisra. During the fighting at Artvin we captured two guns from the Turks. Elsewhere there is no change in the situation."

The War Office to-night made public the following official communication:

"On the front on the west bank of the Niemen Wednesday we gained an important success over the Germans. In Krassna region, west of Shimo, the enemy began a rapid retreat."

"In the Carpathians our offensive continues, with very substantial gains. On Tuesday in region of Mchova and Lutoviska our troops, wading through snow up to their loins, climbing almost perpendicular precipices and fighting their way through forests fortified with wire entanglements, dislodged the Austrians, step by step, from their trenches and captured the fortified heights in the principal chain of the Beskid Mountains."

"In the direction of Butovliaka, despite the enemy's violent fire and the deep snow, we also drove the Austrians from their fortified positions in the west of Nasieczne and southwest of Dzerzhikow."

"On Tuesday we captured in the Carpathians eighty officers and 5,600 men and four guns and fourteen machine guns."

"In the direction of Cholin several Austrian battalions holding a fortified position in the region of the village of Szilowcy and Maliney were surrounded on March 30 and partly exterminated. We captured 1,500 of the survivors."

Austrian.

VIENNA, April 1 (via London).—The Austrian War Office statement to-night follows:

"In the East Beskides the enemy during the night attempted several attacks in the Laborowa Valley, which were repulsed. Between Lupkow Ridge and Uzok Pass the fighting continues."

"Near Inowolod, on the Pilica River, strong Russian forces this morning attacked our troops. After they had reached the entanglements, the Russians were driven back with considerable losses."

"In the southern war theater there has been no change."

"The operation of Ofzowa having been completed, we replied by bombarding Belgrade."

WHEAT FROM ARGENTINA CUTTING LITTLE FIGURE

Exports Are Not Heavy and This Country Is in Position to Dominate Wheat Prices.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHICAGO, April 1.—According to a special cable from Buenos Aires, the Liverpool Corn Trade News, the shipments of all grains and seeds from the Argentine republic are estimated not to exceed over 6,000,000 bushels weekly during April, compared with nearly 11,000,000 bushels for the month just closed. There is a scarcity of wheat at the ports of Argentina, as urgent needs have caused the use of much of that available, and the lengthy trip and scarcity of return tonnage from the nations importing the grain is working against the shipments from the Southern Hemisphere. These conditions tend to place the United States in a position to dominate the price of wheat, giving it a monopoly over the markets for immediate shipment. The Argentine wheat is of good quality on the whole, because of the continued heavy rain in that country and the fact that a large part of it became damaged in consequence of the clear weather from the seaboard to-day were nearly large at 18,000 bushels with four included as wheat of which have 22,000 bushels Canadian-grown. These big clearances have caused foreign buyers to take out all the wheat that is available.

The cash trade in wheat to-day was small in all positions. The seaboard reporting small quantities for export, but the Chicago market was not worth mentioning. It was noted that the wheat crop in places of the condition of the growing wheat, places at 80 compared with 82 a year ago. Mr. Stinson, the only one with wheat in the conditions from this time forward on the increased average of the prospects are for a winter wheat crop of 2,000,000 bushels.

Sentiment on corn was bearish, but those who were alarmed at this side of the market seemed to lack the necessary backbone to give the long a sharp center. The shipping trade was small with sales of only 100,000 bushels. There was considerable short selling, but as an offset to this was buying by shorts on the declines. Clearances were small, and there was a further falling off in the primary receipts, the latter being 200,000 bushels or less than half those of the same day last year.

Grains showed some strength late in sympathy with the other grains, but the cash demand was again small both here and at the seaboard, with spot sales of \$9.90 bushels, part of which was for export. Miscellaneous holders sold the entire provision list, and while the market was somewhat better, the lowest prices reached showed slight recedings for the day. Packers were credited with liberal purchases of lard and ribs at the decline and further support from that interest caused reactions and bid values above certain levels.

After a luncheon at Peg Woffington's, where the delegates heard speeches in favor of the Anthony amendment, Mrs. Donal H. Hooker, Mrs. William C. Holt and Mrs. Gilson Gardner hammered home the call to battle.

The Congressional Union has established headquarters in the white marble building occupied by Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association, in East Forty-first Street. Among those attending the conference are: Mrs. Rheta Childs Dorr, Mrs. Frank Cothren, Mrs. Jessie Hardy Stubbs, Mrs. Marie Jenny Howe, Rose Winslow, Mrs. Helen Rodgers, Isabella Mott, organizer for the district of Columbia; Mrs. Emily Sargent Lewis, president of the Equal Franchise League, Philadelphia; and Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

EXPERT DIVERS WILL TRY TO RAISE SUNKEN F-4

With Special Apparatus, Will Be Taken to Honolulu on Cruiser Maryland.

CONFIDENT OF THEIR ABILITY

Secretary Daniels Issues Statement, Replying to What He Considers Unwarranted Criticisms of Submarine's Engines and Boilers.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Rear-Admiral Moore, in charge of operations to raise the long-submerged submarine, F-4, at Honolulu, cabled to the Navy Department to-day that he was proceeding with the work pending the arrival of special diving apparatus and expert divers from New York.

The apparatus was shipped to San Francisco late to-day, to be shipped to Honolulu on the cruiser Maryland. Rear-Admiral Moore's dispatch said he "would be able to report any progress for several days, but that he was 'making preparations to lift.'"

The diving apparatus is due to reach San Francisco late Monday night, and the first statement replying to what he proceeded immediately to embark on the Maryland.

That the divers were entirely confident of their ability to work on the ocean at 300 feet or more below the surface was indicated to-night in a statement by Secretary Daniels, although he said there was "considerable risk" in diving operations at such depths.

Secretary Daniels, after a conference with Naval Constructor Taylor and Rear-Admiral Griffin, chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, issued another statement replying to what he considered unwarranted criticisms as to the condition of the submarine's engines and boilers.

"The engines assigned for the loss of the F-4," he said, "were of the world, were of poor design, and that her battery required overhauling. The engines were in every way reliable, and were in good working condition. Reports from the F-4 above that both engines were in excellent condition during a forty-eight-hour run. As to the battery, a report of January, 1915, stated that the battery had been completed, and that the battery was in good condition."

REPEATED TESTS MADE OF NEW DIVING TUBE

HONOLULU, April 1.—Repeated tests were made to-day of the diving tube constructed by engineers for the purpose of facilitating the work of raising the submarine F-4.

It is understood that the tube proved satisfactory, and it is expected that the divers will use it to-morrow at the spot where the F-4 is believed to have been located.

A movement was begun in Honolulu to-day to raise the bodies of the families of the crew entombed in the submarine.

ESPECIALLY COMMISSIONED TO RAISE SUBMARINE

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, April 1.—Chief Gunner George D. Stillson, United States Navy, champion deep-sea diver of the world, and Passed Surgeon George R. W. French, United States Navy, with a navy left Grand Central terminal last night especially commissioned by Secretary Daniels to raise the sunken submarine F-4. Secretary Daniels' statement showed successful attempts of divers under Rear-Admiral Moore to bring the submerged craft from the bottom of Honolulu harbor.

Stillson has a record of diving 274 feet, the furthest below the surface of the waters of Long Island Sound, conducted from United States ship Walke. With him are Chief Gunner's Mate Stephen Drellishak, who, with Stillson, has a record of diving 274 feet, the furthest below the surface of the waters of Long Island Sound, conducted from United States ship Walke. With him are Chief Gunner's Mate Stephen Drellishak, who, with Stillson, has a record of diving 274 feet, the furthest below the surface of the waters of Long Island Sound, conducted from United States ship Walke.

"The failure so far to bring the submarine to the surface is due to the fact that the men there have not the improved diving gear with the apparatus perfected by Dr. French and myself, we can easily work at a depth of over 400 feet, the distance we understand the ship to lie."

"While the task is a dangerous one, I feel that the confidence our superiors hold in us has not been misplaced. Of course, I don't know anything of the conditions we will have to face, but we all agree that we can work at any depth."

"Our first task will be to ascertain the exact position of the sunken craft; if she is filled with water, and other conditions, which will determine our course in raising her."

"Included in the outfit we are taking with us is an improved recompression chamber devised by Dr. French and myself. This corresponds to the hospital lock in caisson work. When a diver is overcome he can be brought to the surface resuscitated, by releasing the air pressure."

"Instead of the hand pump, such as they are using in Honolulu, we use power pressure. This is the only practical way of working at great depth. In fact, it is impossible by any other method."

"Several months from now I will be able to work 1,000 feet below the surface. We are now waiting for this new outfit to be completed."

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED, good violin player for motion picture work. Apply Manager of Regent Theater at 10 A. M.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1.—Fred T. Zerbst to-day succeeded William H. Moyer as warden of the United States Penitentiary here. Warden Zerbst formerly was deputy warden at the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kans. Mr. Moyer, who has been actively connected with the government prison service for twenty-five years, was warden of the penitentiary here for the last twelve years. He has announced that he will engage in business in this city.

WAR ON ALCOHOL CHIEF SUBJECT OF INTEREST

Pronouncement of Cabinet Leaders and Letter of King George Meant to Sound Public Sentiment.

SOME GREAT CHANGE CERTAIN

Measure, While Perhaps Not Called Absolute Prohibition, Will Have Almost as Drastic an Effect—Little News From Battle Fields.

LONDON, April 1.—The war on alcohol, an outcome of the labor situation in Great Britain, has definitely taken precedence in British minds over the much-talked-of "spring advance of the allies in the west." The reason is that the problem of munitions has become more pressing than that of recruiting.

The pronouncements of Cabinet leaders and the letter of King George on the question of temperance are intended to pave the way and sound public sentiment preparatory to either shutting off absolutely the sale of drink throughout the country, except on physicians' prescriptions, or the adoption of some measure which, while perhaps not called absolute prohibition, will have almost as drastic an effect.

War Secretary Kitchener has announced that no alcoholic beverages shall be served in his household for the duration of the war.

The battle fields on the east and west afford little news to-day, and, although the allies are reported to have resumed operations in the Dardanelles, nothing official is forthcoming.

To-day being the centenary of the birth of Bismarck, the London newspapers review editorially the career of that German statesman, finding in the break with the present Emperor, and speculate on what might have been the outcome of the war to date had Bismarck been at the helm.

Austria would seem to be strengthening her forces in Bukovina, with the idea of thwarting a formidable Russian advance in the Carpathians. That, according to the British view, explains the Austrian incursion into Russia over the Danister at a point near Cernowitz.

NO ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN KITCHENER'S HOUSEHOLD

LONDON, April 1.—War Secretary Kitchener is among the first of the prominent men in England to respond to the suggestion of abstention from use of alcohol, contained in the letter sent yesterday by King George to Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George.

The War Secretary to-day issued instructions that no alcoholic beverages be served in his household for the duration of the war.

FIGHTING IN EAST PRUSSIA IS PROCEEDING FAVORABLY

BERLIN, April 1 (by wireless).—A correspondent of the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger reports that the fighting northeast of the road running from Tilsit to Heidekrug, in East Prussia, is proceeding favorably. Cold and clear weather favors the operations.

The condition of Russian prisoners taken at Tauragen was bad, according to this correspondent. A strikingly large number of elderly men was among them, and many were footsore. Tauragen itself and many other villages have suffered from shell fire, and burning hamlets light the horizon along the section of the frontier.

The Berlin newspapers display prominently to-day articles taken from London press dealing with the alleged unsatisfactory course of recruiting, and with the difficulties Great Britain is experiencing in getting sufficient supplies of ammunition.

The recent achievements of German submarines are regarded by Berlin papers as nothing more than an indication of the tremendously increased activity soon to be expected in that branch of warfare.

KING GEORGE'S STAND APPROVED IN MONTREAL

MONTREAL, April 1.—King George's stand on the liquor question in Great Britain has been warmly approved here. Several eminent Canadians to-day declared themselves in favor of restricting the use of alcoholic drinks. Dispatches quoted Premier Clarke, of New Brunswick, as saying his government was considering the prohibition of the use of alcohol in that province during the war. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia, to-day assured a delegation, which asked that an advanced step toward prohibition be taken, that his government had the matter under consideration.

Saskatchewan has abolished the bar during the war. Manitoba and Ontario

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.

have initiated restrictive legislation on the sale of liquor.